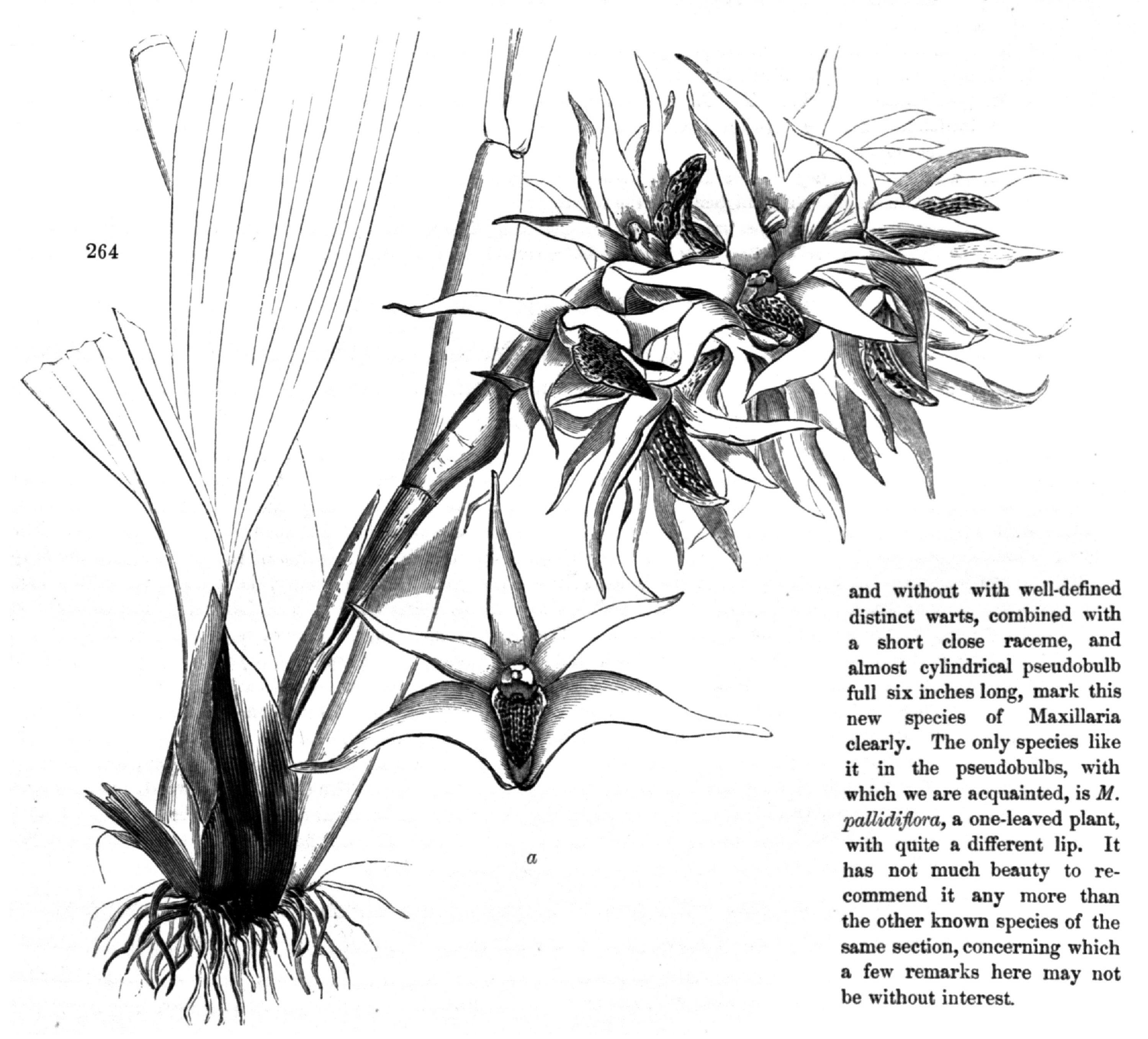
## GLEANINGS AND ORIGINAL MEMORANDA.

536. Maxillaria elongata. A hothouse terrestrial Orchid from Central America. Flowers pale yellow and brown. Introduced by Mr. Skinner. (Fig. 264; a, a flower magnified.)

M. elongata, (Racemosæ); pseudobulbis cylindraceis elongatis diphyllis, foliis lanceolatis 3-costatis circiter duplò longioribus, scapo erecto bivaginato, racemo denso oblongo pseudobulbis æquali, bracteis setaceis ovario longioribus, sepalis petalisque linearibus acuminatis, labello ovato-oblongo carnosissimo utrinque lobato utrâque facie densè verrucosâ ad medium hypochilium usque.

Pale yellow flowers, as large as those of Maxillaria supina, with a purplish-brown lip, singularly studded within



In the great genus Maxillaria, as now limited, the majority of the species (1. § Acaules) are stemless, and produce one or two flowers only at the end of the scape, others (2. § Racemosæ) are also stemless, but form their flowers in many-flowered racemes, while the remainder (3. § Caulescentes) have branching stems with pseudobulbs, and leaves clustered upon them at short intervals. It is to the second of these sections that the plant before us belongs, together with about a score other species, of which the following is a brief enumeration:—

## 2. § RACEMOSÆ (Xylobia).

- 1. M. Colleyi. Bateman. A brown-flowered plant, with few-flowered nearly sessile racemes.
- 2. M. squalens. Hooker. (aliàs Xylobium squalens Lindley; aliàs Maxillaria supina Pæppig & Endlicher.) Flowers yellow and dirty brown, with a purple pointed lip.
- 3. M. scabrilinguis. Lindley. (aliàs Cyrtopera scabrilinguis id.; aliàs Dendrobium carnosum Presl., Reliq. Hænkeanæ.) Flowers dull purplish-yellow.
- 4. M. bractescens. Lindley. Flowers dull yellow, in a tall lax raceme.
- 5. M. corrugata. Lindley. Flowers pale brownish-purple.
- ‡ 6. M. longifolia. Lindley. (aliàs Dendrobium longifolium H. B. K.) Flowers with a purple lip, on a scape two feet high.
  - 7. M. elongata. Of this place.
  - 8. M. pallidiflora. Hooker. Flowers greenish, in a thin raceme.
  - 9. M. decolor. Lindley. (aliàs M. palmifolia Lindley; aliàs Dendrobium palmifolium Swartz.) Flowers yellowish-white, in a short raceme. There can be little doubt that the two plants now brought together are identical.
  - 10. M. concava. Lindley. Flowers pale yellow, in a rather thin raceme.
  - 11. M. foveata. Lindley. Much like the last.
- ‡ 12. M. hyacinthina. Reichenb. fil. Flowers white, with a rose-coloured lip, very sweet-scented like a Hyacinth.
- ‡ 13. M. latifolia. Lindley. (aliàs Dendrobium latifolium H. B. K.) Flowers yellow and red, in a spike two feet long.
- ‡ 14. M. maculata. Lindley. (aliàs Dendrobium maculatum H. B. K.) Flowers large, green, very sweet-scented, in a spike rising higher than the leaves.
  - N.B. Those marked ‡ are not yet known to be in cultivation. The following Maxillarias, of the Flora Peruviana, are so slightly characterised, that they must all be regarded as doubtful species, which it may perhaps never be possible to identify.
  - 15, undulata; 16, variegata; 17, triphylla; 18, hastata; 19, cuneiformis; 20, bicolor; and 21, tricolor.